

TO GIVE FUNDS TO UNITED WAR WORK

S. P. Donns, secretary of the Ogden Home Guard announced yesterday that the member are considering a proposal to sink the sum of \$200 which had been put to one side for the uniform account in the United War Work fund. The matter will come up before the organization at a meeting on Sunday to be held in Lester park, so there will be no violation of the health orders regulating meetings in public assembly places. The notice of the meeting follows:

"A meeting of the members of the defunct home guard of Ogden city, who participated in the work of that organization on the first registration day, June 5, 1917, has been called for Sunday afternoon, November 10th, at 5 p. m. at Lester park. It is the intention to place before the men some plans for disposing of the monies in the uniform fund of the organization which has been lying idle because of its disbandment."

Great Field for Women in After War Reconstruction

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—The Central Federated Union tonight approved a report of its committee on reconstruction in which it was asserted that "the same patriotism which induced women to enter industry during the war should induce them to vacate their positions after the war," to make room for returned soldiers.

The report also commends plans of the federal government for the rehabilitation, training and replacement in industry of wounded soldiers and sailors and the recommendation of Secretary Lane that unused land be reclaimed and irrigated for men in service desiring to take up agriculture. The committee asserted that immigration should be restricted during the period of readjustment to prevent conditions of unemployment.

The report urged that "all labor laws and standards suspended for the duration of the war be restored" that government aid be given to industries "essential to the stability of the nation" and that there be equal federal and state grants for assisting orphaned children to remain in school until the end of 16.

Other recommendations contained in the report were:

Conversion of the war industries into normal peace activities; development and extension of foreign trade; improvement of agricultural methods; resumption and commencement of public works and improvements; and removal of war restrictions, such as government ownership, control and regulation, with legislation to confer upon the proper government agency authority to control and regulate monopolies and interstate business, which affect the good of the people.

Robert J. Collier Dies Suddenly of Heart Disease

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—Robert J. Collier, the publisher, died suddenly at his home here tonight. His death was attributed to heart disease by the county medical examiner's office.

Mr. Collier had been at the head of the firm of P. F. Collier & Son, since the death of his father in 1909. He had been editor and publisher of Collier's Weekly since 1908.

Mr. Collier had been at the head of the firm of P. F. Collier & Son, since the death of his father in 1909. He had been editor and publisher of Collier's Weekly since 1908.

Aviation was the subject, next to books, in which Mr. Collier was most deeply interested. He was at one time president of the Aero club of America and several years ago offered valuable prizes to promote interest in aviation which then was an almost unexplored field. His first gift of this kind was a gold trophy and a prize of \$2,500 which he offered in 1909. Three years later he started for Panama to fly across the isthmus but became ill at New Orleans and cancelled the trip. There were reports the next year that he would attempt a flight across the Atlantic in a hydroplane but the European war began before his plans matured.

Mr. Collier was the originator of the plan to purchase the birthplace of Abraham Lincoln. He also was widely known as a collector of rare books. Personally and in his weekly he was an earnest crusader against tuberculosis and in 1910 won the thanks of the countess of Aberdeen for his aid in Ireland in combating the white plague.

Mr. Collier was born in this city June 17, 1876, and was married in 1902 to Sara Van Allen, daughter of J. J. Van Allen of Newport. He was polo, hunting and tennis enthusiast and member of half a dozen clubs.

PROBATE AND GUARDIANSHIP NOTICES

Consult County Clerk or the Respective Signers for Further Information.

NOTICE
Estate of Adella Madison, deceased. The petition of Oscar B. Madison, praying for Letters of Administration in the above entitled matter, has been set for hearing before Hon. A. W. Agee, Judge, on Monday, the 11th day of November, 1918 at 10 o'clock a. m. at the County Court House, in the court room of said court in Ogden City, Weber County, Utah.

Witness, the Clerk of said court, with the seal thereof affixed, this 30th day of October, 1918.

C. M. RAMEY, Clerk,
By FLORENCE SHAFER, Deputy Clerk.

GEO. W. ALVERSON,
Attorney for petitioner.
(Seal)

Read the Classified Ads.
Read the Classified Ads.

WEBER COUNTY GETS WARNING FROM LANE

Hon. Franklin K. Lane has sent out a warning message to all state councils of defense asking them not to relax their efforts because of any possibility of an early peace.

The message received by the Weber County Council of Defense reads:

"I earnestly beg you not to relax your efforts in the slightest degree on account of the possibility of an early armistice. Even if an armistice should be concluded this does not mean that the war is over, and in many cases the emergency will not be over for a long time. Most of the work which you have been called on to perform must go on undiminished and I hope every man and woman in the council of defense system will stay on the job. In a few days I will write you as to the outlook for future work."

FRANKLIN K. LANE,
Chairman Field Division, Council
of National Defense.

Coal Prices to Meet Increased Cost of Labor

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.—No prices for anthracite coal, revised to meet increased labor costs were announced today by Fuel Administrator Garfield, effective on coal mined on or after Nov. 1. At that time, approximately sixty percent of the estimated season's supply had been mined and all of this, under the fuel administrator's order, will be sold at existing prices.

The full power of penalty under the Lever law, as Mr. Garfield said, will be exercised to prevent the adding of any allowance to any coal shipped on or after Nov. 1, on which the increased wages are not paid.

The new schedule, which carries without change the existing differential between large companies and the individual operators, in favor of the latter, ranges for the white ash grade, from \$4.80 a ton for companies and \$5.55 for individuals to \$6.25 a ton for companies and \$6.95 for individuals, depending upon the size of whether broken, egg, stove, nut, or pea.

Sunday Work in Navy Yards to Be Discontinued

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—The navy department today issued an order discontinuing until further notice all Sunday work in navy yards and other shore stations of the navy. The order becomes effective tomorrow.

Secretary Daniels said the action was taken to save the men from the strain of a seven day week now that production in most essentials is exceeding requirements. He added that if increased production became necessary the order will be countermanded.

QUEBEC, Nov. 9.—Instructions from Ottawa to stop the work of fitting guns on board ships and also to stop the providing of quarters on board some vessels for gunner crews, have been received by the local representatives of the imperial munitions board engaged in supervising the fitting and machinery installation of wooden steamers being built here.

Newspaperman Is Leading in the Bavarian Revolt

PARIS, Nov. 9.—Kurt Eysner, a Munich newspaperman and prominent in Socialist circles, is the leader of the revolution which has broken out in the Bavarian capital, it appears from information received here. Some reports designate him as president of the Bavarian republic which has been proclaimed.

Eysner, the advices add, has organized a committee consisting of workmen, soldiers and peasants in many respects similar to a Russian soviet.

Eysner is on the staff of the Munich Post. He first came to public attention in 1905 as a gifted speaker at Socialist meetings. He is about 45 years old. He has not held public office.

Eysner was arrested some time ago for having published the news that Germany on July 28, 1914, was mobilizing her army. He was released after serving a sentence lasting until fifteen days ago.

Only scant messages are arriving from Germany with regard to the Bavarian revolutionary movement.

CHARLES A. PEET IS BELIEVED DROWNED

SALT LAKE, Nov. 9.—Charles A. Peet, mining engineer, residing at the Princeton apartments, 880 East First South street, is believed to have been drowned by falling down a shaft Thursday at the Key West mine, near St. Thomas, Nov. Mrs. Peet yesterday morning received from William Foster, an engineer associated with Mr. Peet, a telegram telling of the accident Thursday and stating that the body had not been found.

Mrs. Peet and her two children have not yet entirely abandoned hope that the victim of the accident may be still alive, and are hourly expecting additional information.

A native of Illinois and a graduate of the Englewood high school, Mr. Peet came here about 16 years ago, took a course in mining engineering at the University of Utah and has since been actively engaged in his profession. For a number of years he was on the engineering staff of Colonel E. A. Wall. When he left for Nevada he was associated with Mr. Foster in an examination of the Key West mine, preparatory to making an examination for parties who were planning to reopen the property. The shaft referred to is stated to be about 312 feet deep and containing about eighty feet of water.



R. S. McCUNE,
Chiropractor

Carelessness, Indolence, Selfishness, as a rule, are products of bad health.

Give me that same man or woman with 3 weeks' adjustments and I'll show you "Spizz," "Pep," a lifelike expression in that human machine.

Location
4th Floor, Over Lewis Jewelry.

CHANCELLOR ASKS PEOPLE TO WAIT

Absolute Unity in Germany
Necessary to Avert Unforeseen Consequences.

AMSTERDAM, Thursday, Nov. 7.—Absolute unity is necessary among the German people if they would avert unforeseen consequences, declared Chancellor Maximilian in an appeal to the German people. He urged that all remain in camp.

The chancellor's appeal received in an official dispatch from Berlin reads: "For more than four years the German nation, united and calm has endured the most severe sufferings and sacrifices. At this decisive hour, when only absolute unity can avert from the German people great dangers for its future internal strength gives way the consequences are unforeseen."

An indispensable demand in these decisive hours must be made by every people's government for the maintenance of the hitherto existing calm under voluntary discipline. May every citizen be conscious of the high responsibility toward this people in the fulfillment of their duty.

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE TO WATER USERS.

State Engineer's Office,
Salt Lake City, Utah, Aug. 21, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that Milo Andrus, whose postoffice address is Murray, Utah, has made application in accordance with the requirements of Section 128824, Chapter 62, Session Laws of Utah, to change the point of diversion and place of use of three (3) second-feet of water from Hoyt Canyon Creek, heretofore diverted at a point 103 rods south and 27 rods west from the north quarter corner of Section 3, Township 2 South, Range 6 East, Salt Lake base and Meridian, and used to irrigate 150 acres of land embraced in Sections 22 and 23, Township 1 South, Range 6 East. The applicant now desires to divert the water at a point 670 feet north and 200 feet east from the section corner above described and convey it by means of a ditch for a distance of 3900 feet and use during the irrigation season to irrigate 150 acres of land embraced in the NW 1/4 Section 3 and NE 1/4 Section 4, Township 2 South, Range 6 East. This application is designated in the State Engineer's office as No. 4423.

All protests against the granting of said application, stating the reasons therefor, must be made by affidavit in duplicate, accompanied with a fee of \$2.50, and filed in this office within thirty (30) days after the completion of the publication of this notice.

G. F. MCGONAGLE,
State Engineer.
Date of the first publication, October 18, 1918. Date of completion of publication, November 17, 1918.

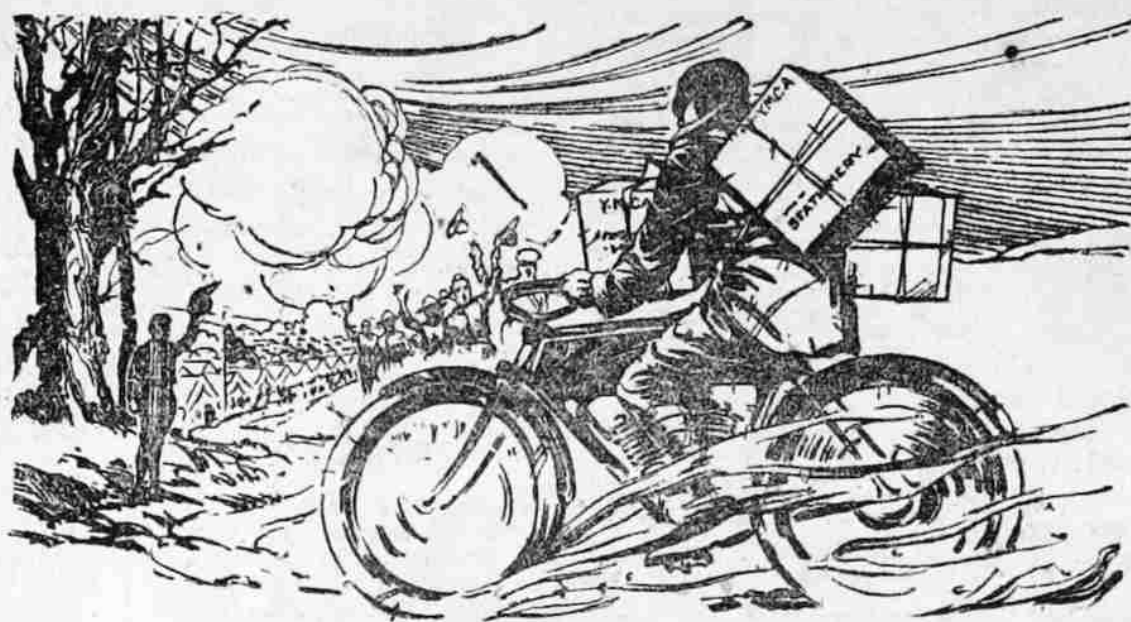
NOTICE TO WATER USERS.

State Engineer's Office,
Salt Lake City, Utah, August 7, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that Milo Andrus, whose postoffice address is Murray, Utah, has made application in accordance with the requirements of the Compiled Laws of Utah, 1907, as amended of the Session Laws of Utah, 1909, 1911, and 1915, to appropriate six (6) second-feet of water from the Weber river, in Summit county, said water will be diverted at a point which lies 2508 feet west of the northeast corner of Section 22, Township 1 South, Range 6 East, Salt Lake base and Meridian, and conveyed by means of the Marion ditch for a distance of 21,000 feet and there used from April 1 to July 20, of each year, to irrigate 300 acres of land embraced in Sections 22 and 23 and W 1/2 Section 33, Township 1 South Range 6 East, and in Section 4, Township 2 South, Range 6 East. This application is designated in the State Engineer's office as No. 7810.

All protests against the granting of said application, stating the reasons therefor, must be made by affidavit in duplicate, accompanied with a fee of \$2.50, and filed in this office within thirty (30) days after the completion of the publication of this notice.

G. F. MCGONAGLE,
State Engineer.
Date of first publication October 18, 1918. Date of completion of publication November 17, 1918.



Did one of these 200 letters come to you?

A DUSTY courier slid off his motor-cycle at the big double hut in a French town and tramped up to the canteen.

"Got a note for the secretary from my commanding officer," he said. He handed a piece of paper across the counter to a smiling middle-aged man.

This is the note the Secretary read:

We landed here three days ago—miles from anywhere. Can you send us some supplies, especially writing paper? This is the first chance the boys have had to write home and we have no paper to give them.

The older man looked up and grinned.

"Got you away off in the woods, have they?"

"I'll say they have!"

"Can you carry anything?"

"All you'll give me!"

From the shelves the secretary took big packages of paper and envelopes.

"Too much?" He asked.

"It will be gone ten minutes after I get back!" said the boy.

"Tonight," the secretary went on, "I'll drive out a truck with more supplies and a man to stay with you. And tell the boys that if their letters are finished, I'll bring them back with me tonight, and get them into the mails."

An hour later that motor-cyclist whizzed into camp, loaded down with writing paper, and in ten minutes letters were being written to 200 American homes.

The United War Work organizations know what letters mean to American soldiers. They know that fighters want to get letters and want to write letters.

So in every hut and on every ship your boys find writing paper, envelopes, ink, pens and pencils, and tables where they can get off by themselves and tell the folks back home how things are going.

Millions of sheets are given away free every week to American boys overseas. That is why the letters you get from your boy are written on the stationery of one of these organizations. It is one of the plans to bridge the Atlantic. Help keep the letters coming! Your dollars will supply a whole Company for several days. Dig deep today; help to bind together France and here.

Why you should give twice as much as you ever gave before!

The need is for a sum of 70% greater than any gift ever asked for since the world began. The Government has fixed this sum at \$170,500,000. By giving to these seven organizations all at once, the cost and effort of six additional campaigns is saved.

Unless Americans do give twice as much as ever before, our soldiers and sailors may not enjoy during 1919 their:

3,600 Recreation Buildings	2,500 Libraries supplying 5,000,000 books
1,000 Miles of Movie Film	25 Houses
100 Leading Stage Stars	15,000 Big-brother "secretaries"
2,000 Athletic Directors	Millions of dollars of home comforts

When you give double, you make sure that every fighter has the cheer and comforts of these seven organizations every step of the way from home to the front and back again. You provide him with a church, a theatre, a cheerful home, a store, a school, a club and an athletic field—and a knowledge that the folks back home are with him, heart and soul!

You have loaned your money to supply their physical needs.

Now give to maintain the Morale that is winning the war!

UNITED WAR WORK CAMPAIGN



Headquarters Weber Club